

NAG Fortran Library Routine Document

G05YJF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of *bold italicised* terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

G05YJF generates a Normal quasi-random number sequence in IDIM. One of the initialization routines G05YCF, G05YEF or G05YGF must be called beforehand to determine whether a Faure, Sobol or Niederreiter sequence should be generated.

2 Specification

```
SUBROUTINE G05YJF (XMEAN, STD, N, QUASI, IREF, IFAIL)
  INTEGER          N, IREF(406), IFAIL
  double precision XMEAN(*), STD(*), QUASI(N,*)
```

3 Description

G05YJF generates a Normal quasi-random number sequence.

4 References

None.

5 Parameters

- 1: XMEAN(*) – *double precision* array *Input*
Note: the dimension of the array XMEAN must be at least IDIM + 1 if IDIM must be odd and at least IDIM otherwise.
On entry: specifies, for each dimension, the mean of the Normal distribution.
- 2: STD(*) – *double precision* array *Input*
Note: the dimension of the array STD must be at least IDIM + 1 if IDIM must be odd and at least IDIM otherwise.
On entry: specifies, for each dimension, the standard deviation of the Normal distribution.
Constraint: $STD(i) \geq 0$.
- 3: N – INTEGER *Input*
On entry: the number of quasi-random numbers required.
Constraint: $N \geq 1$.
- 4: QUASI(N,*) – *double precision* array *Output*
Note: the second dimension of the array QUASI must be at least IDIM + 1 if IDIM must be odd and at least IDIM otherwise.
On exit: contains N quasi-random numbers of dimension IDIM.
- 5: IREF(406) – INTEGER array *Input/Output*
On entry: contains vital information for the generator.

On exit: updated information for the generation of a further set of quasi-random numbers.

IREF must not be changed since the last call to G05YCF, G05YEF or G05YGF.

6: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. If you are unfamiliar with this parameter you should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, if you are not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. **When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.**

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, incorrect initialization has been detected.

IFAIL = 3

A standard deviation is negative.

IFAIL = 4

There have been too many calls to the generator.

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example calls G05YCF to initialize the generator and then G05YJF to generate a sequence of numbers.

9.1 Program Text

```
*      G05YJF Example Program Text
*      Mark 21 Release. NAG Copyright 2004.
*      .. Parameters ..
INTEGER          NOUT, IDIM, JDIM
PARAMETER       (NOUT=6, IDIM=4, JDIM=2*IDIM)
*      .. Local Scalars ..
INTEGER          I, IFAIL, J
*      .. Local Arrays ..
DOUBLE PRECISION QUASI(5,JDIM), STD(JDIM), XMEAN(JDIM)
INTEGER          IREF(406)
*      .. External Subroutines ..
EXTERNAL        G05YCF, G05YJF
*      .. Intrinsic Functions ..
```

```
      INTRINSIC          DBLE
*      .. Executable Statements ..
      WRITE (NOUT,99999) 'G05YJF Example Program Results'
      IFAIL = 0
      DO 20 I = 1, JDIM
          XMEAN(I) = DBLE(I)
          STD(I) = 1.0D0
20  CONTINUE
*
      CALL G05YCF(IDIM, IREF, IFAIL)
*
      CALL G05YJF(XMEAN, STD, 5, QUASI, IREF, IFAIL)
      WRITE (NOUT,99998) ((QUASI(I,J), J=1, IDIM), I=1, 5)
*
      STOP
*
99999 FORMAT (1X,A,F20.4)
99998 FORMAT (1X,4F10.4)
      END
```

9.2 Program Data

None.

9.3 Program Results

```
G05YJF Example Program Results
  0.9601    2.0402    4.8644    4.5595
 -1.8318    4.8417    2.0672    5.1945
 -0.5992    1.1887    1.9207    3.6074
  1.2093    0.6632    3.0283    3.1850
  1.9975    1.8402    3.3998    3.8853
```
